



AGS4

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Summary

- Background
- Guiding principles
- Details
 - Rules
 - Dictionary
 - Abbreviations
- Website
- Specification of AGS Data
- Implementation



Background



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Best Sellers 2004

- The De Vinci Code, Dan Brown
- Harry Potter and The Order of the Phoenix, JK Rowling
- My Life, Bill Clinton
- The 9/11 Commission Report
- Eats Shoots & Leaves, Lynn Truss
- AGS3.1

Electronic Transfer of Geotechnical and Geoenvironmental Data

(Edition 3.1)

Including addendum May 2005

2004

Published by
Association of Geotechnical and Geoenvironmental Specialists



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Since 2004

- Greater awareness in industry
- Standard product for GI investigation companies
- Extended software support
- Increased use of format in supply chain
- XML format: Data Interchange for Geotechnical and Geoenvironmental Specialists (DIGGS)



Reasons for the Update

- Expanded information requirements
 - QA information
 - Eurocodes
 - Geoenvironmental information
- Increased usage
 - Data exchange within investigation process
 - Emerging data standards
 - Benefit from good practice
 - GIS
 - Spreadsheets

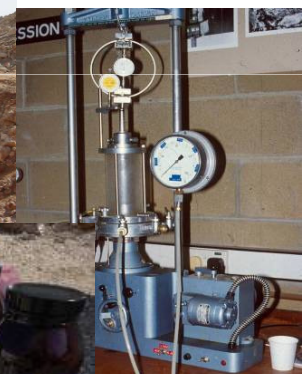
Guiding Principles



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Scope

- Ground engineering information
 - Ground investigations
 - In situ testing
 - Monitoring
 - Laboratory Testing
- Process
 - Sample chain of custody
 - Laboratory scheduling & testing
 - Reporting



Principles

- Exchange of data
- Transfer & archive format
- Accessible - software independent
- Self defining
- Hierarchy of information
- Include derived parameters
- Groups aligned to standards and UK practice
- Allows for transfer of information described by a specification

Data Transfer not Database

- AGS Format definition is not a specification for which data are transferred but how they are transferred
- AGS Format is a definition of a language; dictionary and grammar
- Defines how to say something but not what is said

Having to move house?



Transfer Format Definition

Included



Excluded

- What to pack...
- Dismantling ...
- How much to pack ... and what to leave behind...

- What to unpack...and which boxes go straight to the loft
- Where to position items...
- Checking for damage...

AGS Transfer Format

Included

- Containers for data
- Syntax to allow interpretation
- Self-definition
- Extensible

Data Format

Excluded

- Data content / extent specification
- Validation of data (integrity/completion)
- Acceptance of transfer files into data systems

Data Management





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Details



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What's in the new version?

- Revised and new rules
- Expanded data dictionary
 - 123 groups
 - Over 2050 headings
 - Each group has associated notes for guidance
- Supported by resources and update on AGS website
- Advice on specification of data deliverables; template provided (Appendix 3)

Rules



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Basic AGS Principles

- An AGS file is organised into groups
- Each group is defined by the data dictionary
- Each group contains headings used to define an item of information (group item)
- Each group item is separated by a comma (,)
- Each group item is enclosed in quotes ("")
 - e.g. "Box 1", "Blue", "Kitchen utensils"
- Each group item contains text
- User defined groups are permitted



***PROJ

PROJ_ID,PROJ_NAME,**PROJ_LOC,**PROJ_CLNT,**PROJ_ENG,**PROJ_CONT,**PROJ_DATE,**?PROJ_CID,**?PROJ_ISNO,**PROJ_AGS,**FILE_FSET"

<UNITS>,"","","","","dd/mm/yyyy","","",""

"7845","Trumpington Sewerage","Trumpington","Trumpington District Council","Geo-Knowledge International","Lithosphere Investigations Ltd","23/09/2004","TRUMP001","1.0","3.1","FS001"

***HOLE

HOLE_ID,HOLE_TYPE,**HOLE_NATE,**HOLE_NATN,**HOLE_GL,**HOLE_FDEP,**HOLE_STAR,**HOLE_LOG,**FILE_FSET"

<UNITS>,"","m","m","m","m","dd/mm/yyyy","",""

"TP501","TP","523196","178231","61.86","3.25","12/09/2004","ANO","FS002"

"BH502","IP+CP","523142","178183","58.72","15.45","13/09/2004","ANO","FS003"

***?HDPH

?HOLE_ID,?HDPH_TOP,**?HDPH_BASE,**?HOLE_TYPE,**?HDPH_STAR,**?HDPH_STAT,**?HDPH_ENDD,**?HDPH_ENDT,**?HDPH_EXC"

<UNITS>,"m","m","","dd/mm/yyyy","hhmm","dd/mm/yyyy","hhmm",""

"BH502","0.00","1.20","IP","13/09/2004","0945","13/09/2004","1200","Hand dug"

"BH502","1.20","15.45","CP","13/09/2004","1300","14/09/2004","1730","Dando 150"

***GEOL

HOLE_ID,GEOL_TOP,**GEOL_BASE,**GEOL_DESC,**GEOL_LEG,**GEOL_GEOL,**GEOL_GEO2,**GEOL_STAT,**FILE_FSET"

<UNITS>,"m","m","","","dd/mm/yyyy","hhmm","dd/mm/yyyy","hhmm",""

"TP501","0.00","0.25","Friable brown sandy CLAY with numerous rootlets (Topsoil)","101","TS","CLAY","A",""

"TP501","0.25","1.55","Firm brown slightly sandy very closely fissured CLAY with some fine to coarse subrounded gravel. Widely spaced vertical rough desic","","","",""

<CONT>,"","","cation cracks with concentrations of rootlets. (Weathered Boulder Clay)","220","WBC","CLAY","B",""

"TP501","1.55","3.25","Stiff grey closely fissured CLAY with a little fine to medium subrounded gravel and rare sandstone cobbles (Boulder Clay)","204","BC","CLAY","C",""

"BH502","0.00","0.30","Friable brown sandy CLAY with numerous rootlets (Topsoil)","101","TS","CLAY","",""

"BH502","0.30","2.60","Firm brown very closely fissured CLAY with a little fine to medium subrounded gravel (Weathered Boulder Clay)","204","WBC","CLAY","",""

"BH502","2.60","5.75","Stiff grey slightly sandy closely fissured CLAY with some fine to coarse subrounded gravel (Boulder Clay)","220","BC","CLAY","",""

"BH502","5.75","15.45","Dense becoming very dense yellow brown very sandy fine to coarse subrounded GRAVEL (Glacial Gravels)","504","GG","GRAVEL","",""

***SAMP

HOLE_ID,SAMP_TOP,**SAMP_REF,**SAMP_TYPE,**SAMP_BASE,**SAMP_DATE,**SAMP_TIME,**GEOL_STAT,**FILE_FSET"

<UNITS>,"m","","","m","dd/mm/yyyy","hhmmss","",""

"TP501","1.00","1","D","1.00","","B",""

"TP501","1.00","2","B","1.30","","B",""

"TP501","2.50","3","B","2.75","","C",""

"BH502","1.00","1","U","1.45","","FS058"

"BH502","1.50","2","D","1.50","",""

"BH502","3.00","3","U","3.45","",""

"BH502","3.50","4","D","3.50","",""

"BH502","6.00","5","D","6.45","",""

"BH502","6.00","6","B","6.50","",""

"BH502","9.00","7","D","9.45","",""

"BH502","9.00","8","B","9.50","",""

"BH502","3.00","10","W","3.00","14/09/2004","140000",""

"BH502","3.00","11","W","3.00","14/09/2004","163000",""

***CLSS

HOLE_ID,SAMP_TOP,**SAMP_REF,**SAMP_TYPE,**SPEC_REF,**SPEC_DPTH,**CLSS_NMC,**CLSS_LL,**CLSS_PL"

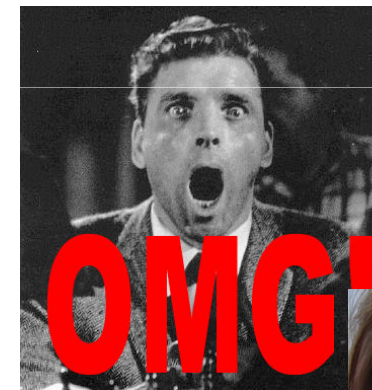
<UNITS>,"m","","","m","%","%","%"

"BH502","1.00","1","U","A","1.10","28","56","22"

"BH502","1.00","1","U","B","1.25","31","62","24"

"BH502","3.00","3","U","","28","53","28"

"BH502","3.50","4","D","","24","",""



Rule Change

Use of the Extended ASCII character set allowed

(AGS 3.1 Rule 1 – AGS 4 Rule 1)

ASCII Codes 128 to 255 acceptable

128	Ç	144	É	161	í	177	⋮	193	⊥	209	⌈	225	Β	241	±
129	ü	145	æ	162	ó	178	■	194	⌞	210	⌞	226	Γ	242	≥
130	é	146	Æ	163	ú	179		195	⌟	211	⌟	227	π	243	≤
131	â	147	ô	164	ñ	180	†	196	–	212	⌞	228	Σ	244	∫
132	ä	148	ö	165	Ñ	181	‡	197	‡	213	⌞	229	σ	245	∫
133	à	149	ò	166	ª	182	‡	198	‡	214	⌞	230	μ	246	+
134	â	150	û	167	º	183	‡	199	‡	215	‡	231	τ	247	≈
135	ç	151	ù	168	¸	184	‡	200	⌞	216	‡	232	Φ	248	°
136	è	152	–	169	–	185	‡	201	⌞	217	‡	233	⊖	249	·
137	é	153	Ö	170	¬	186		202	⌞	218	⌞	234	Ω	250	·
138	è	154	Ü	171	½	187	‡	203	⌞	219	■	235	δ	251	√
139	ï	156	£	172	¼	188	‡	204	‡	220	■	236	∞	252	–
140	î	157	¥	173	¡	189	‡	205	=	221	■	237	φ	253	z
141	ï	158	–	174	«	190	‡	206	‡	222	■	238	e	254	■
142	Ä	159	f	175	»	191	‡	207	⌞	223	■	239	∩	255	
143	Å	160	á	176	⋮	192	⌞	208	⌞	224	α	240	≡		

1/2

1/4

90°

φ



Rule Change

Quotes (") are allowed within the text *(AGS 4 Rule 5)*

Achieved by defining the quote twice

e.g. "he said "hello""



Rule Change

<CONT> continuation line removed *(AGS 3.1 Rule 14)*

All rows/lines have **no length limit** ... *(rule removed)*

....but you still can't use a carriage return
within the text *(AGS 4 Rule 6)*



Rule Change

Prefixes **, * and **?, *? removed

(AGS 3.1 Rule 10 & 11)

Instead 'Data Descriptors' are used at the beginning of each line to mark the data following.

(AGS 4 Rule 3)

Current data descriptors are:-

GROUP
HEADING
UNIT
TYPE
DATA

← This order is fixed



AGS 3.1 Example

```
***GEOL"  
"*HOLE_ID","*GEOL_TOP","*GEOL_BASE","*GEOL_DESC","*GEOL_LEG"  
"<UNITS>","m","m","",""  
"501","1.2","2.4","Stiff fissured brown CLAY. Fissures ",""  
"<CONT>","","","are closely spaced","201"
```

becomes.....

AGS 4.0 Example

```
"GROUP","GEOL"  
"HEADING","LOCA_ID","GEOL_TOP","GEOL_BASE","GEOL_DESC","GEOL_LEG"  
"UNIT","","m","m","",""  
"DATA","501","1.20","2.40"," Stiff fissured brown CLAY. Fissures are closely spaced","201"
```



Rule Change

New concept data descriptor called

“TYPE”

used to denote how data *must* be presented for each heading

(AGS 4 Rule 8)

All type codes used listed in a TYPE Group *(AGS 4 Rule 17)*



AGS 4.0 Examples

“GROUP”,“PROJ”

“HEADING”,“PROJ_ID”,“PROJ_NAME”,“PROJ_CLNT”

“UNIT”,“”,“”,“”

“TYPE”,“X”,“X”,“X”

“DATA”,“121415”,“ACME Gas Works Redevelopment”,“ACME Enterprises”

“GROUP”,“BKFL”

“HEADING”,“LOCA_ID”,“BKFL_TOP”,“BKFL_BASE”,“BKFL_LEG”,“BKFL_DATE”,“BKFL_REM”

“UNIT”,“”,“m”,“m”,“”,“yyyy-mm-dd”,“”

“TYPE”,“X”,“2DP”,“2DP”,“PA”,“DT”,“X”

“DATA”,“BH1”,“1.00”,“10.00”,“901”,“2010-01-26”,“”

“GROUP”,“GEOL”

“HEADING”,“LOCA_ID”,“GEOL_TOP”,“GEOL_BASE”,“GEOL_DESC”,“GEOL_LEG”

“UNIT”,“”,“m”,“m”,“”,“”

“TYPE”,“X”,“2DP”,“2DP”,“X”,“PA”

“DATA”,“501”,“1.20”,“2.40”,“Stiff fissured brown CLAY. Fissures are closely spaced.”,“201”



Data Types

- ID Unique identifier across the project
- DT Date time international format (see ISO 8601:2004)

References ISO 8601:2004. This is an extensible standard which allows dates and/or times to be presented in many ways:-

What the standard covers:

Date

Time of the day

Coordinated universal time (UTC)

Local time with offset to UTC

Date and time

Time intervals

It can be presented in any of these forms, all are valid:

yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sssZ(+hh:mm)

yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss

yyyy-mm-dd

hh:mm:ss

YYYY



Data Types

- ID Unique identifier across the project
- DT Date time international format (see ISO 8601:2004)
- T Elapsed time
- X Text (non-numeric)
- XN Text / Numeric (e.g. 1.00 or Dry)
- *n*DP Value to *n* decimal places
- *n*SF Value to *n* significant figures
- *n*SCI Scientific notation to *n* decimal places
- PA Text abbreviation taken from ABBR group
- PU Text abbreviation taken from UNIT group
- PT Text abbreviation taken from TYPE group
- U Value with variable format
- MC British Standard BS1377: Pt 2 reported moisture content

MC < 10% value reported to 1 decimal place e.g. 9.7%

MC => 10% reported to nearest whole number e.g. 12%



Data Types

- ID Unique identifier across the project
- DT Date time international format (see ISO 8601:2004)
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- PA Text abbreviation taken from ABBR group
- PU Text abbreviation taken from UNIT group
- PT Text abbreviation taken from TYPE group
- U Value with variable format
- MC British Standard BS1377: Pt 2 reported moisture content
- DMS Degrees: minutes: seconds
- YN Y(es) or N(o)
- RL Record Link

Record Link

- Provides cross-hierarchical links
- **SAMP_LINK** is the only one defined

Example:

Disturbed sample taken from split spoon in BH1 at 4.00-4.45m :

```
"GROUP","SAMP"  
"HEADING","LOCA_ID","SAMP_TOP","SAMP_REF","SAMP_TYPE","SAMP_ID","SAMP_LINK"  
"UNIT","m"  
"TYPE","X","2DP","X","PA","X","RL"  
"DATA","BH1","4.00","D","ISPT|BH1|4.00"
```

```
"GROUP","ISPT"  
"HEADING","LOCA_ID","ISPT_TOP","ISPT_REP"  
"UNIT","m"  
"TYPE","X","2DP","X"  
"DATA","BH1","4.00","13"
```

```
"GROUP","TRAN"  
"HEADING","TRAN_ISNO","TRAN_DLIM","TRAN_RCON"  
"UNIT"  
"TYPE","X","X","X"  
"DATA","1","1","+"
```



Record Link

- Provides cross-hierarchical links
- **SAMP_LINK** is the only one defined
- The key fields from other groups are used to form the link in a structured way:

- Group | key1 | key2 | key3 etc....
TRAN_DLIM → |

- TRAN_DLIM default delimiter is | (pipe / vertical bar)
- Links to multiple records - use the character defined in TRAN_RCON

- Group1 | key1 | key2 | key3 + Group2 | key1 | key2 | key3
TRAN_RCON → +

- TRAN_RCON default character is + (plus sign)



Disturbed sample taken from split spoon in BH1 at 4.00-4.45m :

```
"GROUP","SAMP"  
"HEADING","LOCA_ID","SAMP_TOP","SAMP_REF","SAMP_TYPE","SAMP_ID","SAMP_LINK"  
"UNIT","m"  
"TYPE","X","2DP","X","PA","X","RL"  
"DATA","BH1","4.00","D","SPT|BH1|4.00"
```

```
"GROUP","ISPT"  
"HEADING","LOCA_ID","ISPT_TOP","ISPT_REP"  
"UNIT","m"  
"TYPE","X","2DP","X"  
"DATA","BH1","4.00","13"
```

```
"GROUP","TRAN"  
"HEADING","TRAN_ISNO","TRAN_DLIM","TRAN_RCON"  
"UNIT"  
"TYPE","X","X","X"  
"DATA","1","I","+"
```

Sample taken from a monitoring point :

```
"GROUP","SAMP"  
"HEADING","LOCA_ID","SAMP_TOP","SAMP_REF","SAMP_TYPE","SAMP_ID","SAMP_LINK"  
"UNIT","m"  
"TYPE","X","2DP","X","PA","X","RL"  
"DATA","BH1","W","MONG|BH1|1|30.25"
```

```
"GROUP","MONG"  
"HEADING","LOCA_ID","MONG_ID","MONG_DIS","MONG_DATE","MONG_TYPE","MONG_TRZ","MONG_BRZ","MONP_INCA"  
"UNIT","m","m","deg"  
"TYPE","ID","X","2DP","X","DT","PA","2DP","2DP","0DP"  
"DATA","BH1","1","30.25","2009-06-04","SP","28.25","30.25","90"
```


Sample taken from a monitoring point with a time related remark :

```
"GROUP","SAMP"  
"HEADING","LOCA_ID","SAMP_TOP","SAMP_REF","SAMP_TYPE","SAMP_ID","SAMP_LINK"  
"UNIT","","m"  
"TYPE","X","2DP","X","PA","X","RL"  
"DATA","BH1","W","MONG|BH1|1|30.25+TREM|BH1|2010-02-23T13:00"
```

```
"GROUP","MONG"  
"HEADING","LOCA_ID","MONG_ID","MONG_DIS","MONG_DATE","MONG_TYPE","MONG_TRZ","MONG_BRZ","MONP_INCA"  
"UNIT","","m","yyyy-mm-dd","","m","m","deg"  
"TYPE","ID","X","2DP","X","DT","PA","2DP","2DP","0DP"  
"DATA","BH1","1","30.25","2009-06-04","SP","28.25","30.25","90"
```

```
"GROUP","TREM"  
"HEADING","LOCA_ID","TREM_DTIM","TREM_REM"  
"UNIT","","yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm"  
"TYPE","ID","DT","X"  
"DATA","BH1","2010-02-12T13:00"Signs of surface pollution – oil spill"
```

```
"GROUP","TRAN"  
"HEADING","TRAN_ISNO","TRAN_DLIM","TRAN_RCON"  
"UNIT",""  
"TYPE","X","X","X"  
"DATA","1","|","+"
```



Heading types

There are 3 different types of heading

- Key
- Required
- Other (everything else!)



Heading types

- Key

- necessary to uniquely define the data in the group

The headings *must* appear in the data file but be can be null

null = blank or empty = "" (double quotes).

There *must* only be *one* combination of key headings in any data file. *(AGS 4.0 Rule 10)*

e.g. BH1, 0.00 - 0.50m, Tarmac
 BH1, 0.50 - 3.50m, Silty sandy clay

“LOCA_ID”, “GEOL_TOP”, “GEOL_BASE”, “GEOL_DESC”

“BH1”, “0.00”, “0.50”, “Tarmac”

“BH1”, “0.50”, “3.50”, “Silty sandy clay”



Heading types

- Key
 - necessary to uniquely define the data in the group
- Required
 - necessary to allow interpretation of the data file

These headings *must* appear in the data file and *must* contain information - they cannot be left blank/empty (null).

(AGS 4.0 Rule 10b)

e.g.

PROJ_ID

TYPE_TYPE and TYPE_DESC



Heading types

- Key
 - necessary to uniquely define the data in the group
- Required
 - necessary to allow interpretation of the data file
- Other
 - no rules and no requirement for the headings to be present in the file
 - their inclusion in an AGS4 submission is only when data is to be transferred



Rule Change

The order of the headings within each group is fixed and *must* appear as shown in the document

(AGS 4.0 Rule 7)

Where user defined headings have been created, these new headings must follow *after* the existing headings in a group

(AGS 4.0 Rule 9)

...however, *all* the headings in each group do *not* have to be present.



Mandatory Groups

PROJ

- Project Details

TRAN

- File transmission information

TYPE

- Data types

UNIT

- Unit definitions

ABBR

- Abbreviations

Rule Change

PROJ group split into PROJ and TRAN, both these groups *must* appear in every AGS4 submission *(AGS 4 Rules 13 & 14)*

- PROJ - project details
 - Name
 - Client
 - Contractor etc...
- TRAN – transmission details
 - AGS version number
 - Date of issue
 - Status of data within the submission
 - Record link delimiter used
 - Concatenation character used



AGS 3.1 Example

```
***PROJ"  
"*PROJ_ID","*PROJ_NAME","*PROJ_CLNT","*PROJ_CONT","*PROJ_DATE","*?PROJ_ISNO",  
"*?"PROJ_STAT","*PROJ_AGS"  
"<UNITS>","","","","dd/mm/yyyy","","",""  
"121415","ACME Gas Works Redevelopment ","ACME Enterprises","ACME Drilling Ltd","31/07/1999","1","Draft","3.1"
```

AGS 4.0 Example

```
"GROUP","PROJ"  
"HEADING","PROJ_ID","PROJ_NAME","PROJ_CLNT","PROJ_CONT"  
"UNIT","","",""  
"TYPE","X","X","X","X"  
"DATA","121415","ACME Gas Works Redevelopment","ACME Enterprises","ACME Drilling Ltd"  
  
"GROUP","TRAN"  
"HEADING","TRAN_ISNO","TRAN_DATE","TRAN_PROD","TRAN_STAT","TRAN_AGS","TRAN_RECV","  
TRAN_DLIM","TRAN_RCON"  
"UNIT","","yyyy-mm-dd","",""  
"TYPE","X","DT","X","X","X","X","X","X"  
"DATA","1","1999-07-31","ACME Drilling Ltd","Draft","4.0","ACME Consulting","|","+"
```



Dictionary



25 May 2010

Major Group Changes

- HOLE renamed to LOCA (Location)
 - “Hole or Location Equivalent” not thought obvious enough
 - Emphasises that not all samples and observations are made in boreholes
 - Focus on spatial location
- PROJ split into PROJ & TRAN groups
- MONP/MONR renamed MONG/MOND and reformatted
- STND group added to indicate the overall standards the AGS file has been prepared to
 - Making the file complete and self defining without reference to the paper report reducing the need to refer back to the paper report.



STND Group

4 LABORATORY TESTING

4.1 Geotechnical Testing

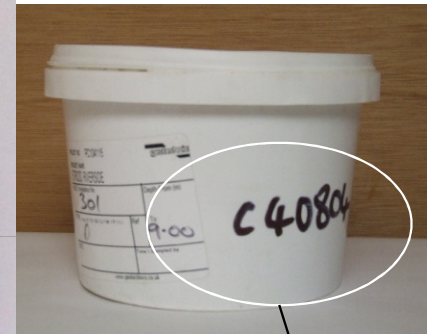
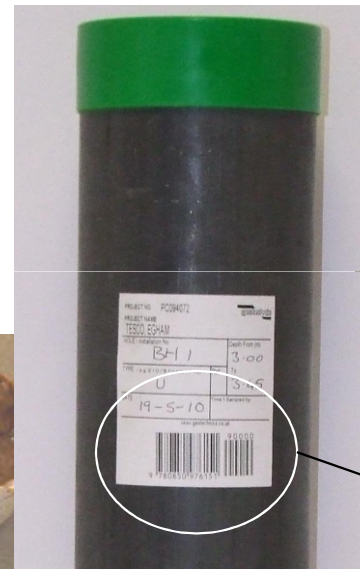
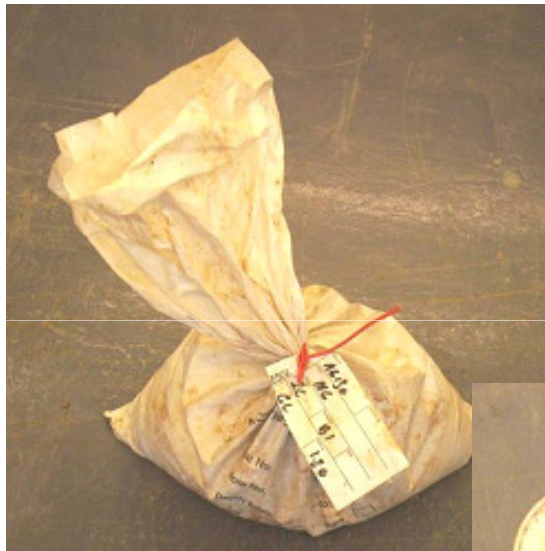
The testing was scheduled by ACME Consultants Ltd and was carried out in accordance with BS 1377 (1990), ISRM (1981) and ISRM (1985) unless otherwise stated. The testing is summarised below and the results are presented in Enclosure C.

"GROUP","STND",,
"HEADING","STND_REF","STND_TTLE","STND_SCPE"
"UNIT", "" , "" , ""
"TYPE","X","X","X"
"DATA","BS 1377: 1990","Methods of test for soils for civil engineering purposes","Geotechnical laboratory testing"
"DATA","ISRM: 1981","ISRM Suggested Methods","Laboratory testing of rock core samples"
"DATA","ISRM: 1985","Suggested method for determining point load strength","Point load strength testing"
"DATA","BS EN ISO 1997-2: 2007","Eurocode 7 - Geotechnical design - Part 2 - Ground investigation and testing","Fieldwork, sampling"
"DATA","BS 5930: 1999","Code of practice for site investigations","Fieldwork and sampling"



SAMP Group

- SAMP group enhanced to incorporate a unique sample identifier *in addition* to the existing Location id, Sample depth, type and reference
 - LOCA_ID,SAMP_TOP,SAMP_TYPE,SAMP_REF (from AGS 3.1)
 - SAMP_ID (added in AGS 4.0)



Both valid SAMP_ID values

Laboratory Test Groups

The principle of each test having its own group or paired grouping has been introduced throughout the format, so CLSS and ROCK groups have been split

Soil test groups

- CBRG / CBRT California Bearing Ratio Test
- CMPG / CMPT Compaction Test
- CONG / CONS Consolidation Test
- LDEN Density Test
- LDYN Dynamic Testing
- ESCG / ESCT Effective Stress Consolidation Test
- FRST Frost Susceptibility Test
- GCHM Geotechnical Chemistry Testing
- LSTG / LSTT Initial Consumption of Lime Test
- LPEN Laboratory Hand Penetrometer Test
- PTST Laboratory Permeability Test
- LVAN Laboratory Vane Test
- LLIN Linear Shrinkage Test
- LLPL Liquid and Plastic Limit Test
- MCVG / MCVT MCV Test
- LNMC Natural Moisture Content Test
- LPDN Particle Density Test
- GRAG / GRAT Particle Size Distribution Analysis
- SHBG / SHBT Shear Box Test
- LSLT Shrinkage Limit Tests
- SUCT Suction Test
- LSWL Swelling Index Testing
- TNPC Ten Per Cent Fines Test
- TREG / TRET Triaxial Test - Effective Stress
- TRIG / TRIT Triaxial Test - Total Stress



Laboratory Test Groups

Rock test groups

- RCCV Chalk Crushing Value Tests
- RPLT Point Load Testing
- RELD Relative Density Tests
- RDEN Rock Porosity and Density Tests
- RUCS Rock Uniaxial Compressive Strength and Deformability Tests
- RSCH Schmidt Rebound Hardness Tests
- RSHR Shore Scleroscope Hardness Tests
- RTEN Tensile Strength Testing
- RWCO Water Content of Rock Tests

Materials testing groups (**NEW**)

- AAVT Aggregate Abrasion Test
- ACVT Aggregate Crushing Value Test
- ARTW Aggregate Determination of the Resistance to Wear (micro-Deval)
- AELO Aggregate Elongation Index Test
- AFLK Aggregate Flakiness Test
- AIVT Aggregate Impact Value Test
- APSV Aggregate Polished Stone Test
- ASNS Aggregate Soundness Test
- AWAD Aggregate Water Absorption Test
- ALOS Los Angeles Abrasion Test
- ASDI Slake Durability Index Test



Laboratory Scheduling Data

Laboratory Test Scheduling groups LBSG/LBST added

LABORATORY GEOTECHNICAL TESTING SCHEDULE

Job No. 7846		Job Name Trumpington Sewerage		Schedule Date 14/05/2010		Schedule No. 1																					
Client Trumpington Council		Engineer Geo-Knowledge International		Checked By		Date		AGS Requi																			
SAMPLE DETAILS				SOIL				ROCK		CHEMISTRY		SHEAR STRENGTH AND CONSOLIDATION				To hyc See											
Borehole Number	Sample Top	Sample Ref	Sample Type	Moisture Content	Atterberg Limits	Sieve	Pipette	Particle Density & Intact Dry Density	Natural Density & Sat. Moisture Content	Comparison	MCV/MCC/CCV	CBR	Split & Describe	UCS / Point Load	Organic content		pH & Aqueous SO4	BRE Special Digest 1 (see notes)	38/70/100	mm Dia	UUT /ou /od	Cell Pressure	Triaxial Cell size /type	Direct Shear / Consolidation	Shear Box etc	Oedometer	
BH1	0.50	1	B																								
BH1	1.20	0	C																								
BH1	1.20	2	B	1	1																						
BH1	2.00	0	C																								
BH1	2.00	3	D																								
BH1	2.00	4	B	1		1	1																				
BH1	2.70	5	D																								
BH1	3.00	0	C																								
BH1	3.00	6	B	1	1																						
BH1	3.70	7	D																								
BH1	4.00	8	C																								

“GROUP”, “LBSG”
 “HEADING”, “LBSG_REF”, “LBSG_DATE”, “LBSG_FROM”, “LBSG_TO”
 “DATA”, “1”, “2010-05-14”, “Trumpington Council”, “ACME Laboratories plc”,

“GROUP”, “LBST”
 “HEADING”, <Sample stuff>, “LBSG_REF”, “LBST_TEST”, “CHOC_REF”, “LBST_TTYP”, “LBST_METH”
 “DATA”, <SAMPLE1>, “1”, “COC991-200”, “Moisture Content”, “”, “”
 “DATA”, <SAMPLE1>, “1”, “COC991-200”, “Atterberg”, “”, “”
 “DATA”, <SAMPLE2>, “1”, “COC991-200”, “Moisture Content”, “”, “”
 “DATA”, <SAMPLE2>, “1”, “COC991-199”, “Particle Size Distribution”, “”, “”
 “DATA”, <SAMPLE3>, “1”, “COC991-199”, “UCS”, “”, “”

Test names are typically unique to laboratories

Environmental Testing Group

- CNMT & ICCT groups *removed* and replaced
- Environmental Contaminant testing (ERES)
 - Analytical chemical testing
- Geotechnical Chemistry Testing (GCHM)
 - Aggressivity testing of soil and water in accordance with BRE Special Digest 1 and BS 1377-3



ERES Group

- Developed in consultation with major geoenvironmental testing laboratories
- Contains 47 headings allowing for transfer of detailed testing results
- Revised code list – based on CAS numbers
- **CRITICAL POINT**
specification of the headings required is necessary

MOND abbreviations

EAST	Absolute position (Easting)	GMP	Peak methane as percentage of LEL
LEV	Absolute position (Level)	GOXS	Peak oxygen concentration
NRTH	Absolute position (Northing)	TGMP	Peak total methane concentration
TEMP	Atmospheric temperature	PRES	Pressuremeter test hole
BAR	Barometric pressure at time of monitoring	RAIN	Rainfall
BRG	Bearing	RFLOW	River flowrate measurement
GCD	Carbon dioxide concentration	RLEVEL	River level measurement
GCM	Carbon monoxide concentration	ANGC	Rotation in direction C
		ANGA	Rotation/Tilt in direction A
CURR	Current	ANGB	Rotation/Tilt in direction B
WDEP	Depth to water from LOCA_ID datum	ROTS	Rotational speed
GPRS	Differential Pressure	STAT	Status
DSPA	Displacement in direction A	GCDS	Steady carbon dioxide concentration
DSPB	Displacement in direction B	GCMS	Steady carbon monoxide concentration
DSPC	Displacement in direction C	HYSS	Steady hydrogen sulphide concentration
DSTL	Distance	GMS	Steady methane as percentage of LEL
DSTA	Distance A from LOCA_ID (slip indicator top rod)	GOXP	Steady oxygen concentration
DSTB	Distance B from LOCA_ID (slip indicator top rod)		
ERAT	Volume extraction rate	TGMS	Steady total methane concentration
FLOW	Flow	STRA	Strain in direction A
FORC	Force	STRC	Strain in direction A
GFLO	Gas flow rate	STRB	Strain in direction C
GAUG	Gauge length	TRST	Thrust
WHD	Head of water above tip	TORQ	Torque
HYS	Hydrogen sulphide concentration	TGM	Total methane concentration
GM	Measured methane as percentage of LEL	UPT	Up/run time
GOX	Oxygen concentration	VEL	Velocity
GCDP	Peak carbon dioxide concentration	VOLT	Voltage
GCMP	Peak carbon monoxide concentration	VOL	Volume
HYSP	Peak hydrogen sulphide concentration		

Other New Groups

- PREM Project - Time Related Remarks
- DOBS Drilling / Advancement Observations and Parameters
- WADD Water Added Records
- PIPE Monitoring Installation Pipe Work
- ISAG / ISAT Soakaway Tests
- PLTG / PLTT Plate Loading Tests
- DCPG / DCPT Dynamic Cone Penetrometer Tests



Abbreviations



Abbreviation Changes

- CODE and ABBR rolled into one giant abbreviation group called ABBR!
- Pre-defined abbreviations are not contained within the AGS4 document, but on the website at www.ags.org.uk
- ABBR group to contain all abbreviations used within an AGS submission and all shorthand notations used throughout the file where appropriate

e.g.	ABBR_HDNG	ABBR_CODE	ABBR_DESC
	LLPL_PL	NP	Non-plastic
	GEOL_DESC	**	Drillers description
	CORE_RQD	NI	Non Intact



Website



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www.ags.org.uk



Home ► About AGS ► Diary ► Training ► Safety ► Useful Tools ► Publications ► Position Papers ► Links ►

AGS Data Transfer

AGS Data Transfer Format ▼

- Introduction
- Example
- Guidelines
- Tables and Fields
- Abbreviations
- Software
- Download

AGS-M Format (Monitoring Data) ►

List of Registered Users ►

Discussion ►

AGS to Excel converter ►

- Document download
- On-line data dictionary – groups & headings
- Download example files
- Abbreviations
- Discussion board

- Guidance notes (in development)
AGS3 Appendix 6 replacement



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Abbreviations

- Download full listing

```
"GROUP","ABBR"  
"HEADING","ABBR_HDNG","ABBR_CODE","ABBR_DESC"  
"UNIT","UNIT_CODE"  
"TYPE","X","X","X"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","513-88-2","1,1 - Dichloroacetone"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","918-00-3","1,1,1 - Trichloro-2-Propanone"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","630-20-6","1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","354-58-5","1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2,2-Trifluoroethane"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","71-55-6","1,1,1-Trichloroethane"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","79-34-5","1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","76-13-1","1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","79-00-5","1,1,2-Trichloroethane"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","92-52-4","1,1-Biphenyl"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","75-34-3","1,1-Dichloroethane"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","75-35-4","1,1-Dichloroethene"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","563-58-6","1,1-Dichloropropene"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","75-91-2","1,1-Dimethylethyl Hydroperoxide"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","57-14-7","1,1-Dimethylhydrazine"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","87-61-6","1,2,3 Trichlorobenzene"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","35822-46-9","1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-P-Dioxin"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","39227-28-6","1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-P-Dioxin"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","634-66-2","1,2,3,4-Tetrachlorobenzene"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","57653-85-7","1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-P-Dioxin"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","19408-74-3","1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-P-Dioxin"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","57117-41-6","1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","40321-76-4","1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzo-P-Dioxin"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","96-18-4","1,2,3-Trichloropropane"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","96-19-5","1,2,3-Trichloropropene"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","1678-81-5","1,2,3-Trimethyl Cyclohexane"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","95-94-3","1,2,4,5-Tetrachloroethylene"  
"DATA","ERES_CODE","85-83-8","1,2,4,5-Tetrachloroethylene"
```

Abbreviations

The screenshot shows the AGS website interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links: Home, About AGS, Diary, Training, Position Papers, and Links. Below this is a sidebar menu for 'AGS Data Transfer' with sub-items: Introduction, Example, Guidelines, Tables and Fields, Abbreviations, Software, and Download. The main content area displays a table titled 'Abbreviations' with columns for 'Table', 'Field', and 'List items'. A yellow callout box with the text 'RSS Feed available' points to an 'RSS' link in the table.

Table	Field	List items
Aggregate Determination of the Resistance to Wear (micro-Deval)	Type of test (ARTW_TYPE)	3
Exploratory Hole Backfill Details	Backfill legend code (BKFL_LEG)	7
Compaction Tests - General	Compaction mould type (CMPG_MOLD)	2
Compaction Tests - General	Compaction test type (CMPG_TYPE)	3
Consolidation Tests - General	Type of consolidation test (CONG_TYPE)	2
User Defined Groups and Headings	Type of data and format (Note: This data is REQUIRED where DICT_TYPE="HEADING") (DICT_DTYP)	14
User Defined Groups and Headings	Heading status KEY, REQUIRED or OTHER (Note: This data is REQUIRED where DICT_TYPE="HEADING") (DICT_STAT)	2
Discontinuity Data	Discontinuity termination (lower, upper) (DISC_TERM)	3
Dynamic Probe Tests - General	Dynamic probe type (DPRG_TYPE)	7



Request Abbreviations


The screenshot shows the AGS website interface. At the top is a banner with the AGS logo and a navigation menu: Home ► About AGS ► Diary ► Training ► Safety ► Useful Tools ► Publications ► Position Papers ► Links ►. Below the banner is a sidebar menu for 'AGS Data Transfer' with options: Introduction, Example, Guidelines, Tables and Fields, Abbreviations, Software, Download, AGS-M Format (Monitoring Data) ►, List of Registered Users ►, Discussion ►, and AGS to Excel converter ►. The main content area features a table titled 'Abbreviations DISC_TERM' with the following data:

Code	Description	Status	Date Added	Added by
D	Terminates against another discontinuity			
R	Terminates within rock			
X	Extends beyond exposure			

Below the table, a red-bordered box contains the text 'Request new a code for DISC_TERM'. A yellow box with the text 'Click here' has an arrow pointing to the red-bordered box.



Request Abbreviations



AGS

[Home](#) ▶ [About AGS](#) ▶ [Diary](#) ▶ [Training](#) ▶ [Safety](#) ▶ [Useful Tools](#) ▶ [Publications](#) ▶ [Position Papers](#) ▶ [Links](#) ▶

AGS Data Transfer

- AGS Data Transfer Format ▼
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- Discussion ▶
- AGS to Excel converter ▶

Please note the following rules when suggesting new pick list codes:-
you (Peter Whittlestone) will be registered as the proposer of the code and it will immediately be displayed on the website with your name against it.

Field Name: DISC_TERM

Code:

Description:



Revised Website

- Abbreviations will be reviewed and approved within 5 working days
- Discussion boards to be more responsive

Specification of AGS data



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Appendix 3 – Data Deliverables

- Notes and example specification to fully define an AGS data deliverable
- Tabulation of key information for clarity:
 - Submission schedule
 - Required groups and headings
 - Preset data – PROJ_NAME, PROJ_CLNT, (LOCA_IDs)
 - Codes
 - User defined headings (**careful...!**)



A3 Schedule for submission of data

The data will normally be submitted in accordance with the reporting requirements given in the contract. Where these require the electronic data to be submitted separately, or to a different schedule, then the following information shall be given.

The electronic data is to be submitted in accordance with the following schedule:

Data Type	Timing
Field data	Within two days of completion of hole
Preliminary data	Within one week of completion of test
Final prelim	Within two weeks of completion of all testing
Final	Within one week of Engineers approval of final prelim report

A4 Notes on Particular AGS Groups & Fields

Where particular or project-specific requirements are required they are listed below:

Group	Field	Note / example
PROJ	PROJ_ID	Contractors project/investigation reference
	PROJ_NAME	ACME Gas Works Redevelopment Phase 1
	PROJ_CLNT	ACME Developments plc
	PROJ_ENG	ACME International
TRAN	TRAN_STAT	Preliminary, Draft or Final
LOCA	LOCA_ID	See list in Schedule
	LOCA_TYPE	Compound codes to be used where appropriate, e.g. CP+RC
	LOCA_NATE LOCA_NATN LOCA_GL	Used to report hole collar position in UK National Grid coordinates and datum
	LOCA_LOCX LOCA_LOCY LOCA_LOCZ	Used to report hole collar position in site coordinates and datum
	LOCA_CLST	Set to Phase 1



Implementation



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Why change from AGS3?

- Extension of range of data that can be included in files
- Greater application in supply chain
- Maintains compliance with current standards
- Process - use of data improves quality
- GIS – spatial data

- Drivers
 - Specifications from Receivers (Clients)
- Requirements
 - Software tools



Get Ready

- Producers
 - Review format definition for clues on likely data requirements
 - Ensure software update route is planned
- Receivers
 - Consider benefits of additional data
 - Consult with producers on ability to deliver AGS4
 - Ensure data system updates compatible

Implementation



Any Questions



25 May 2010